## $IF_5$ – AN EFFICIENT OXIDATIVE FLUORINATION AGENT FOR GROUP(V) ORGANYL COMPOUNDS

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The oxidative fluorination of triaryl-element-compounds of P, As, Sb and Bi by  ${\rm IF}_5$  in  ${\rm CH}_2{\rm Cl}_2$  or  ${\rm CH}_3{\rm CN}$  has been investigated with the result of a simple one-pot-reaction with nearly quantitative yield of the wanted triaryl-element-difluorides.

Attack of the aromatic ring or the C-H-bond by  ${\rm IF}_5$  was never observed. Strong electron-withdrawing substituents of the aryl-group are limiting this reaction. Attempts to prepare  ${\rm IF}_3$  by low-temperature-reduction of  ${\rm IF}_5$  with triarylphosphine failed. The only demonstrable reduction product of  ${\rm IF}_5$  is iodine.

The results of the reactions of triaryl-element-compounds with  ${\rm IF}_5$  are compared with those of the corresponding element-trihalides with  ${\rm IF}_5$ . Thus substitution of chlorine by aryl-groups in element(III)-chlorides makes oxidation to element(V)-fluorides more easy.

Carbon-element-bondfission as slow side-reaction is observed when aryl-element-tetrafluorides are prepared. This bondfission is caused by 'IF' formed from iodine and  $\mathrm{IF}_5.$ 

Triaryl-element(V)-oxides behave different against  $IF_5$ ; e.g. triphenylphosphineoxide forms a 2 : 1 adduct with  $IF_5$  whereas triphenylarsineoxide shows oxide-fluoride-exchange.